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राष्ट्रीय वित्तीय शिक्षा केन्द्र National Centre for Financial Education

Quarterly e-newsletter (October-December 2021) 6th Edition



'Towards a Better Financial Future'



राष्ट्रीय वित्तीय शिक्षा केन्द्र National Centre for Financial Education

संचय

'Towards a Better Financial Future'



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Events & Achievements

Highlights of Financial Education Programmes

Media Coverage

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Activities in Financial Sector (Banking, Securities Market, Pension & Insurance Sectors)

NCFE conducts DEA Fund programmes

Depositors' Education & Awareness Programme Conducted Under the Aegis of DEA Fund, RBI





Venue : Yamuna Khadar Slum Area, Shastri Park, Delhi Date : 22nd November 2021



Venue : Entrepreneurship Development and Innovation Institute Guindy, Chennai Date : 27th November 2021



Venue : National Institute of Social Sciences and Studies, Bhubaneswar, Odisha Date : 29th November 2021

NCFE has successfully conducted three Depositor Education and Awareness (DEA) programmes in pilot phase in the Urban Slums of Delhi, Chennai and Bhubaneswar. A total of 133 participants attended in all the 3 programmes.

Some of the topics covered in the programmes were :

Savings, why should you go to a bank? Introduction to types of Deposit Accounts, Unauthorized deposit schemes, Small Accounts, Account opening and how to do transactions, Depositor Education and Awareness Fund (DEA Fund), Digital Banking, Locker Facility, Loan facility, Government Schemes/Subsidies, Grievance Redressal, Special facilities for the elderly and disabled customer as prescribed by RBI, Risk vs Return, Basics of Insurance and Pension etc.

The programmes were concluded by emphasizing on the importance of depositors' education & awareness on using financial products and services. All the programmes were made interactive with the aid of PPTs and videos. The programmes were well received by participants with positive feedbacks regarding the content and delivery.

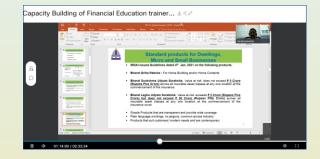
CAPACITY BUILDING PROGRAMME FOR FINANCIAL EDUCATION TRAINERS ON INSURANCE SECTOR AND INSURANCE PRODUCTS - 16th December, 2021



Shri P S Jagannatham, GM, Life Dept, IRDAI



Shri DVS Ramesh, GM, Health Dept, IRDAI



Shri Mahipal Reddy, GM, Non-Life Dept, IRDAI

The session was organized through Cisco Webex platform and was live streamed through YouTube. 350 + Financial Education Trainers across the country were trained through the session. Shri Karthik Krishnan, Manager, NCFE welcomed the speakers and participants to the programme. The FE trainers were trained in detail about "Financial Education on Insurance Sector and Insurance Products". There were 3 prominent speakers from IRDAI. The first speaker Shri D V S Ramesh, General Manager, Health Department explained about the brief history of IRDAI and Health Insurance Schemes, second speaker Shri P S Jagannatham, General Manager, Life Department spoke about training on Life Insurance and various Life Insurance schemes; the third speaker Shri Mahipal Reddy, General Manager, Non-Life Department gave insights on the Non-Life Insurance part. The details of the schemes related to Health Insurance, Life Insurance and Non-Life Insurance were explained in detailed by the trainers. Participants were given opportunity to ask their queries at the end of each session. Positive feedbacks were received from the participants. Shri Sunil Upreti, Senior Manager, NCFE gave the concluding remarks and ended the session.

Given below is YouTube link of the session.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YdukO9nrc7g&t=574s

Financial Literacy Programme by NCFE in collaboration with BFSI SSC



Nehru Institute of Information Technology & Management, Coimbatore



Kumaraguru College of Technology, Coimbatore



Sri Kaliswari College (Autonomous), Sivakasi



Dr. NGP College of Arts and Science, Coimbatore



National Institute of Management and Science, Madurai

NCFE in collaboration with BFSI Sector Skill Council of India (BFSI SSC) conducted five financial education programmes catering mainly to young adults. These programmes were conducted with an objective of making the youth of the country Financially Literate.

India Financial Literacy Conclave 2021 (IFLC2021)

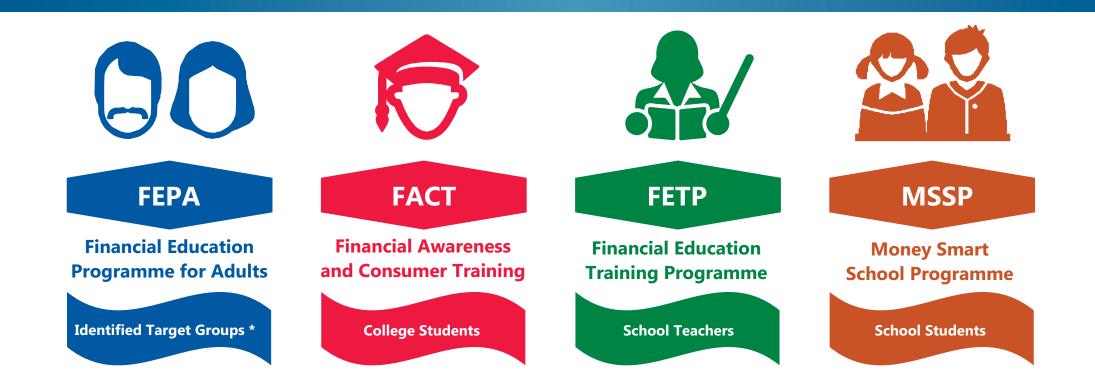


With the theme "**Enhancing Financial Empowerment**", the 4th edition of "India Financial Literacy Conclave 2021" (IFLC2021) was held on 12th November 2021 at Lucknow. The conclave provided an in-depth understanding of role of financial inclusion as an accelerator of economic growth, social protection and sustainable development.

Shri G P Garg, ED-SEBI and Chairman-NCFE shared his insights on "Enhancing Financial Empowerment" and "How to develop a strong strategy and the tools and tactics one needs to achieve financial goals".

Shri Satyajit Dwivedi, CEO represented NCFE on panel discussion on the topic "Agriculture: Risk Mitigation ways for Financial Empowerment of Farmers". The focus was on Tier 2 & Tier 3 towns & rural India and how they can participate in a significant way in financial markets and bridge the gap in income inequality.

NCFE - FE PROGRAMMES



* SHG members, Asha & Anganwadi workers, Housewives, MGNREGA Beneficiaries, Rural Folks, Lower Income Group, Middle Income Group, MSMEs & Potential Entrepreneurs, Employees of any Organization, Industrial Workers, Farmers / FPOs, Senior Citizens etc.

During October - December 2021, NCFE has conducted **3,654+** Financial Education Programmes and reached **63,420+** beneficiaries through **1,827+** training hours.

NUMBER OF FE PROGRAMMES CONDUCTED IN EACH STATE / UT

October - December 2021



- 85 Jammu & Kashmir
 26 Himachal Pradesh
 16 Punjab
 119 Haryana
 06 Delhi
- 178 Uttarakhand
- 63 Rajasthan
- 517 Uttar Pradesh
- 62 Bihar
- 81 Gujarat
- 89 Madhya Pradesh
- 13 Chhattisgarh
- **104** Jharkhand
- 03 Sikkim

- 28 West Bengal
- 38 Assam
- 10 Nagaland
- 08 Manipur
- 01 Arunachal Pradesh
- 94 Maharashtra
- 168 Odisha
- 01 Telangana
- 46 Andhra Pradesh
- 16 Karnataka
- 05 Kerala
- 48 Tamil Nadu
- 02 Puducherry

OUTREACH OF FE PROGRAMMES

October - December 2021



GLIMPSE OF FE PROGRAMMES





Rural Folks, Darrang, Assam

Teachers at Brajendra High School, Nayagarh Town, Odisha



RSETI SBI, Sonda-Washim, Maharashtra



Household Women, Murshidabad, West Bengal

GLIMPSE OF FE PROGRAMMES





College Students at Rajnandgaon, Chhattisgarh

Rural Folks, Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh



Teachers at THE GURU SCHOOL, Bareilly, Uttar Pradesh



Employees of BRBNMPL, Mysuru, Karnataka



For Registration, Please Visit : https://ncfearthashiksha.in





Scan to know more

NFLAT

Globally One of the Largest FREE Annual Financial Literacy Test For School Students of Class 6 to 12

For School Registration, Please Visit : https://schoolexam.ncfe.org.in



National Financial NFRAT Literacy Assessment Test





MEDIA COVERAGE

वित्तीय शिक्षा की जानकारी टी

इटावाः सप्टीय वित्तीय शिक्षा केंद्र की रिसोर्स पर्सन सोनी यादव ने बढपुरा ब्लाक के ग्राम पंचायत वादनपुर प्राथमिक विद्यालय परिसर में एसएवजी सहायता समूह की महिलाओं को विलीय शिक्षा कार्यक्रम की जानकारी दी। उन्होंने बचत बैंकिंग, बीमा निवेश, सेवा निवृत्ति पेंशन आदि पर प्रकाश डाला। फाइनेंस कंपनी में पैसा लगाने से पूर्व उसकी जानकारी अवश्य करने को कहा। सोनी यादव ने बताया कि प्रधानमंत्री आवास योजना, प्रधानमंत्री मुद्रा योजना, प्रधानमंत्री बीमा सुरक्षा योजना, प्रधानमंत्री जीवन ज्योति योजना. अटल पॅशन योजना, सुकन्या योजना का ग्रामीण लाभ उटाएं। एटीएम का पिन गोपनीय रखें, इसे किसी के साथ साझा न करें। इस अवसर पर कोआडीनेटर विमलेश देवी मौजुद रही। जासं





BHASKAR NATH BISWAL

Financial Education Hand A Book was released in 11 regional languages by the National Centre for Financial Education (NCFE) as a part of its third foundation day on September 3 to boost the efforts cation and create financial eduof the organisation in spreading financial literacy to the nook and corner of the country. To facilitate the visuallychallenged, the book was also

released for Braille readers. Three years back, the NCFE was promoted jointly by financial markets and financial the apex financial institutions digital modes for improving of the country, namely, Reserve financial literacy. Bank of India (RBI), Securities

According to a consorand Exchange Board of India tium of researchers, 2.5 billion (SEBI), Insurance Regulatory adults, nearly half the world's and Development Authority 4.7-billion adult population, of India (IRDAI) and Pension are not aware of the use of for-Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA) with the sole objecmal financial services or the concepts of savings and invest-ment. Around 2.2 billion of these financially-illiterate adults tive to create financial awareness and empowerment live in Asia, Africa, Latin through financial education. America and Middle East.

The organisation is striving The OECD/INFE hard to achieve its objectives International Survey of Adult through seminars, workshops, Financial Literacy conclaves, training, pro-Competencies revealed that grammes, campaigns, discusonly 42per c ent of adults are sion forums with/without fees aware of the compounding by itself or with help of instiinterest on savings and 58per c tutions, organisations and proent are able to calculate simple vide training in financial eduinterest Knowledge of household

cation material in electronic or budget is known to 60per c non-electronic formats, workentadults and only 50per c ent books, worksheets, literature, are having long-term investment. In India, the financial litpamphlets, booklets, fliers, technical aids and to prepare eracy status is a very discour-

ए बी वेलनेश के मुख्य अध्यक्ष विनोद कुमार

श्रीमती नीता श्रीवास्तव की अध्यक्षता में

महिला स्वास्थ कल्याण योजना में नियक्त

महिला मित्रों को आरती हरिचन्द्र द्वारा एँन. सी.एफ.ई के बारे में जानकारी दिया।

ई का गढन करने में सेबी, आर बी,आई, आई. आर. डी. ए. पी. एफ. आर. डी. ए ने एन, सी, एफ, ई का गटन किया है तथा वर्तमान में भारतीय वित्तीय लघु उद्योग के क्षेत्र में भारतीय लघु उद्योग विकास केन्द्र सीडबी (स्मोल इन्डस्ट्रीयल हेवलफोन्ट बैंक आफ इंडिया) और नेशनल साइबर क्राइम पोर्टल एवं हेल्पलाइन नम्बर

उन्होंने कहा कि एन. सी. एफ.

appropriate financial literature aging one. According to an increased by almost 10per cent free of cost which explain top-for target-based audience on S&P Survey, more than 75per during the last three years. ics like Income, Expenses and aims at imparting financial c ent of Indian adults do not understand basic financial concepts. More than 80per c ent of our female population are of Indians to access the bankfinancially-illiterate.

In this background, a thrust on a national strategy for financial education becomes essential and the National Centre for Financial Education (NCFE) prepared the NSFE 2020-25 in consultation with the apex financial sector regulators, RBI, SEBI, IRDAI and PFRDA. The RBI has constructed an FI-Index to capture the extent of financial inclusion across the country which is

published annually in July every year. The annual FI-Index for the period ending March 2021 is 53.9 as against 43.4 for the period ending March 2017 shows the result of the com-

bined efforts of all the financial institutions in general and the NCFE in particular. The coverage of financial literacy was

The opening of Pradhan Mantri Jan-Dhan Yojana accounts has enabled millions of bank account is not enough.

Unless the people of the country are digitally financial literate, they cannot reap the benefits of financial inclusion. The NCFE is playing a great role in spreading the financial literacy to the last layer of the society.

The website of NCFE is a perfect place for all financial education literature and information. Apart from this, the Financial Education Trainers of NCFE are conducting financial literacy programmes for the adult population of the coun-

Financial education material for FEPA was developed by the NCFE in all regional lan-

Budgeting, Savings, Banking, Credit and Debt Management, Digital Transactions, Insurance, Investment, Retirement and ing facilities, but mere opening Pensions, Financial inclusion schemes of the Government, Fraud protection, Grievance Redressal, etc.

A Financial Education Training Programme (FETP) is conducted for schoolteachers of Class-VI who will be certified as 'Money Smart Teachers' and will facilitate conducting financial education classes in schools

with an aim to provide basic financial skills to the students. A Money Smart School Programme (MSSP) is another ambitious programme of the NCFE which invites schools to introduce financial literacy in try in the Aspirational Districts the curriculum. identified by the NITI Aayog. Many States Many States have already

का परिचय देते हुए बताया कि किस तरह

से लोग शेयर बाजार से लाभ ले सकते

हैं। इसके साथ ही आईपीओ, एफपीओ,

डीमेट, ट्रेडिंग एकाउंट, एस आई पी,

म्यचुअल फंड, सीडीएसएल

introduced this and the NCFE prepared the study material jointly with the CBSE, FACT guages and is given to the par-ticipants of these programmes (Financial Awareness and spread financial education to Consumer Training) is a pro-every nook and corner. The

objective of this campaign is to utilise the student community education to graduates and to spread the Investor postgraduates. It is also offer-Awareness Messages more ing an e-learning course on effectively as they can act as a vehicle of change and propabasic financial education covgate the financial education. ering topics from Banking, Securities Markets, Insurance and Pension Products. the volunteers while acting as catalyst they will learn them-

With all these ambitious programmes, the NCFE is striving hard to come up to the expectations of its promoters in making 'a financially- aware and empowered India.

In order to cultivate finanorganisations can be implecial knowledge among youths, mented in the right way, our the Investor Education and youths can become responsible Protection Fund Authority is citizens with necessary skills in exploring the possibility of all financial matters like savorganising a three-month camings, insurance, budgeting, paign named IEPFA-NEVSAinvestment and pension plan-Niveshak Evam Vittiya ning that result in a safe and Saksharta Abhiyan with the secure life. help of Ministry of Education.

The UGC wrote a letter to all the universities in the country to undertake activities involving NSS volunteers to

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It is useful in two ways as

selves the benefits of financial

education and rise with a solid

foundation for building sound

If the initiatives of all these

financial behaviour.

प्रयागराज । झूसी त्रिवेणीपुरम में डी, टर्मडिपोजिट, एस. आइ. पी, म्यूचुअल वेलनेश के मुख्य अध्यक्ष विनोद कुमार फंड, इ.एल.एस. एस एवं स्वास्थ के क्षेत्र सुरक्षा बीमा योजना, प्रधानमंत्री योगी श्रम मान धन योजना, किसानो के लिए आम पांडे एवं हर्ष पांडे तथा मुख्य अतिथि प्रधान में इन्श्योरेन्स की महत्व को बताया।पोस्ट आदमी बीमा योजना, आयुष्यमान स्वास्थ शंकर लाल पांडे एवं पुष्पपराज सिंह व ऑफिस के अंतर्गत एन. पी. एस की कार्ड योजना (14555), सुकन्या समुद्धी योजना नेशनल सेविन्ग सेटीफिकेट, किसान योजना, कन्या सुमांगला योजना,



विकास पत्र, मन्थली इन्कम योजना, टाइम डिपोसिट एकाउंट योजना, अटल पेन्शन योजना, प्रधानमंत्री वया वन्दना योजना. अपनी बचत को देखते हुए एफ . डी, आर . प्रधानमंत्री जीवन ज्योति बीमा योजना,

प्रधानमंत्री स्वानिधी योजना, उज्ज्वला योजना एवं जनता को वित्तीय शिक्षा के महत्व को बताते हुए सही निवेश की

एनएसडीएल, एनएसई, बीएसई, सेंसेक्स निफटी आदि योजनाओं की विस्तार से जानकारी दी और सेबी पोर्टल योजनाए बतायी। जो बैंक, प्रतिभूति बाजार 🛛 पर शिकायत दर्ज करने का तरीका बताया।

155260 की विस्तार पूर्वक जानकारी और महिला स्वास्थ के क्षेत्र में कार्य को करते हये अपने को स्वालम्बी, आत्मनिर्भर बनाते हये बैंक के क्षेत्र में वित्तीय योजना के अंतर्गत

MEDIA COVERAGE

Digital financial literacy protects us from cyber frauds



BHASKAR NATH BISWAL

nomic and social circumstance. The conventional literacy has gradually shifted its focus to digital and financial litwho can well manage his finance but not able to know what is UPI, internet banking, eracy and the pandemic helped a lot to change the habits of people. It became a game RTGS, NEFT, digital wallet, opening on line account, etc., changer as people from lower and middle class started using may not be termed as digitally literate. digital modes for their financial tally literate person may not be transactions.

Lockdowns and social distancing accelerated the usage of digital financial services and ecommerce which in turn helped improve financial inclusion in the society. Founded by the Bill Gates and Melinda Gates Foundation, the Alliance literacy or else many of them for Financial Inclusion (AFI) is an international policy institute frauds. People should have

Know details

A financially literate person

At the same time, a digi-

a financially literate person as

he is not aware of the concepts

like compound interest, insur-

ance, retirement planning, etc.

What is needed for an inclusive

development of the society is

the growth of digital financial

end as the victims of cyber

and public policy network that competency of using the digispecialises in financial inclutal financial services along with sion policy for the unbanked knowledge of the risks and and under-banked regions of consumer protection. According to the Crime in the world defined digital finan-India 2020 report of National cial literacy as acquiring the knowledge, skills, confidence Crime Report Bureau (NCRB) a total of 50,035 cases were regand competencies to safely use digitally delivered financial istered under Cyber Crimes in products and services, to make 2020, showing an increase of informed financial decisions 11.8% in registration over 2019 and act in one's best financial (44,735 cases). interest per individual's eco-

The crime rate under this category witnessed a growth from 3.3 in 2019 to 3.7 in 2020. During 2020, 60.2% of cybercrime cases registered were for the motive of fraud (30,142 out of 50,035 cases) followed by sexual exploitation with 6.6% (3,293 cases) and extortion with 4.9% (2,440 cases). A total of 18,657 cases

have been registered in metropolitan cities under Cyber Crimes, showing an increase of 0.8% over 2019 (18,500 cases). The cybercrime rate also increased from 16.2 in 2019 to 16.4 in 2020. Crime head-wise cases revealed that Computer Related Offences (section 66 of IT Act) (11,356 cases) formed the highest number of Cyber

Crimes accounting for 60.9% during 2020. The apex financial institutions of the country like website or search engine, etc., **RBI, IRDAI, SEBI and PFRDA** which are created by the fraudare making all-round efforts to sters. The links are normally educate the citizens how to circulated by fraudsters conduct safe digital transacthrough SMS/ social media/ email/ Messenger, etc.; and tions and protect themselves from cyber frauds. when a customer enters secure

The National Centre for nancial Education (NCFE) is the detailed URL, all our vital also striving hard to develop a safe browsing culture and the precautions one must take us a scapegoat while doing digital financial

use online selling platforms transactions. An attempt has been made in this article to pretending as buyers of our products. On the pretext of explain various modes of cyber frauds. Through awareness, we paying money, they send the can save ourselves from them. request money option through Sometimes, fraudsters gain UPI apps and pursue to access to our mobile device or approve the request to draw laptop or desktop once we money from our account. We download an unknown or must remember that to receive money one need not give the

unverified app or software. The links look like authentic PIN or password. names, but in reality we are The most popular modus redirected to download the erandi by the fraudsters is the vishing/phising calls. They unknown application. Once the malicious application is contact people at random, ask downloaded, the fraudster can for their details of accounts gain complete access to our device and all our vital information will be stolen. Beware of the third-party websites

posing as the Bank Officials or Government Officials threatening to lock their accounts, in case they will not submit the which looks like existing gen-

uine, popular website, such as details like date of birth, bank's website or e-commerce account number, card number, pass words, OTPs, etc., are passed to them, they use this data to withdraw money from our accounts. The RBI issues messages, videos and print notifications that no bank officer ever will ask for pin or information without checking OTPs of customers.

A recent mode of cyber information is captured and fraud is that a message will be used by the fraudsters to make received quoting income tax refund of a lump sum amount The fraudsters sometimes to an account and the receiver will be asked to verify the account number whether it is

correct or not. In the next sentence they instruct to give the correct account number using the given link. Normally, the number given is not ours and we these tricksters. will try to give the correct number through the link which will transfer all our confiden-

a charging port of a mobile to tial data to the fraudster. an unverified or unknown Some technically-sound port. Malware or fraudulent

apps are installed without our fraudsters install skimming devices in the ATM machines knowledge which shares our to steal data from our card. confidential data with the fraudsters. Another common They may also stand nearby posing as the other customers, way of defrauding the cusgain access to our PIN while we tomers is the creation of a fake enter. Later on, they create social account. A fake id is credetails immediately. Once the replica cards to siphon off ated in the name of a popular

money from the account. SIM person, friend requests are sent Swap or SIM Cloning is anothto others, and soon after er way of the fraudsters to get accepting the friend request, access to our bank accounts they start their gimmicks like asking for financial help. and the necessary OTPs. By Similarly, the lottery scam also cloning, they gain access to all our credentials and use this to a popular method by these withdraw money. In June, cheats

Bhubaneswar police busted a racket which sold around 2 They send messages to the phone numbers informing them that they won prizes or lakh pre activated sim cards to fraudsters in different states. selected for the free gifts by a Unverified contact numpopular company. To receive bers displayed by the search the money or gift, they are engines like Google can also lured to deposit some advance in the fraudster's bank account. help the fraudsters to reach the prey. When one search for a The mobiles will be switched off soon after the amount is customer care number, these deposited. look alike websites and their numbers attract the innocent

Keeping pace with the growth of digital transactions, customers to reveal their credentials and become victims of new modes of cyber frauds are introduced by the culprits. The data can also be stolen Financial literacy through by the fraudsters when we use financial education can only minimise these cyber frauds and the common man can safeguard his hard-earned money.

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महिला मित्रों को किया जागरुक

प्रयागराज। महिला स्वास्थ कल्याण योजना मे नियुक्त महिला मित्रों को झुंसी के त्रिवेणीपुरम में जागरुक किया गया। उनको हर प्रकार की जानकारियां दी गई। वेलनेश महिला कल्याण संस्थान में नेशनल सेन्टर फॉरफाइनेन्शियल एजुकेशन (राष्टीय वित्त शिक्षा केन्द्र) महिला मित्र को ए.बी वेलनेश के मुख्य अध्यक्ष विनोद कुमार पाण्डेय हर्ष पाण्डेये तथा मुख्य अतिथि प्रधान शंकर लाल पाण्डेय . एवं पष्पपराज सिंह नीता श्रीवास्तव आरती हरिचन्द्र ने जानकारी देते हए कहा कि एन. सी. एफ. ई का गठन करने मे सेबी, आर बी, आई ,आई. आर. डी. ए. पी. एफ .आर .डी. ए ने एन, सी, एफ, ई का गठन किया है। वर्तमान में भारतीय वित्तीय लघु उद्योग के क्षेत्र में भारतीय लघु उद्योग विकास केन्द्र सीडबी(स्मोल इन्डस्ट्रीयल डेवलपमेन्ट बैंक आफ इंडिया) और एवं हेल्पलाइन नम्बर 155260 की विस्तार पर्वक जानकारी और महिला स्वास्थ के क्षेत्र में कार्य को करते हये अपने को स्वालम्बी, आत्मनिर्भर बनाते हये बैंक के क्षेत्र में वित्तीय योजना के अंतर्गत अपनी बचत को देखते हुए एफ. डी, आर. डी, टर्म डिपोजिट, , एस. आइ. पी,म्यूचुअल फंड, इ.एल.एस.एस एवं स्वास्थ के क्षेत्र में इन्स्योरेन्श की महात्व को बताया ।



PERSONAL FINANCE GOALS FOR NEW YEAR AND BEYOND



Start Tracking Your Expenses Use a daily budget and record your daily spending



Start Tracking Your Net Worth Net Worth = Assets - Liabilities



Build Multiple Sources of Income Work on money making ideas



Start Investing And Invest Sensibly Review your risk profile, investment goal and duration of investment



Retirement Planning Start early to see the magic of compounding



Buy a Term Insurance Don't mix insurance with investment



Improve Your Financial Literacy Learn 10 things about finance every month



Build An Emergency Fund Create a financial plan to build your emergency fund



Update Nominees Estate Planning - Update nominees and make a 'will'

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Arrange All Your Financial Documents Manage personal finance in systematic way

Ideal Personal Finance Rules

One can find out the number of years required to double his/her money at a given rate by dividing 72 with interest rate.

One can find out the number of years required to triple his/her money at a given rate by dividing 115 with interest rate.

Rule of 115

Interest Rate (Percentage)	Number of Years (=72/Interest Rate)	Interest Rate (Percentage)	Number of Years (=115/Interest Rate)
6	12	6	19
8	9	8	14

Rule of 144

One can find out the number of years required to quadruple his/her money at a given rate by dividing 144 with interest rate.

Interest Rate (Percentage)	Number of Years (=144/Interest Rate)
6	24
8	18

6x Emergency Rule One should always put at least 6 times of his/her monthly income in emergency funds for various emergencies.

Credit Score



Banks /Financial Insitutions (FI) give loans based on Credit Score. An individual's credit score plays an important role in determining his/her credit worthiness. A lender, such as a bank or a non-banking finance company, will evaluate the credit score of a potential borrower to determine whether or not to lend to the individual. The credit score also impacts the amount of loan sanctioned and also the interest rate payable on the loan by the borrower. What is more, if a borrower has a low credit score, the lender may reject the loan application.

A credit score is a 3-digit number that represents the creditworthiness of an individual. It typically ranges between 300 and 900, 900 being the highest score possible. Banks and various regulated lending institutions check your credit score when you apply for a loan.

This score is prepared by the four credit bureaus functioning in India (CIBIL, Experian, CRIF High Mark and Equifax).

There are many ways by which one can build a good credit score. They are:

- 1. Pay EMIs on time
- 2. Do not apply for multiple loans at a time
- 3. Try to avail multiple sequential loans
- 4. Review your credit scores periodically

The best way to build a good credit score is a disciplined approach towards taking loans and paying them on time. There is nothing that can be a substitute for this.



NFLAT 2020-21 NATIONAL LEVEL WINNERS



NFLAT SENIOR

Rank 1 - Vishesh Gupta SACHDEVA PUBLIC SCHOOL, Rohini - New Delhi

Rank 2 - Arushi Vinod R. A. PODAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND ECONOMICS, Mumbai - Maharashtra

> Rank 3 - Himanaya Bajaj Delhi Public School, Ludhiana - Punjab

NFLAT INTERMEDIATE

Rank 1 - Humam Ahmed DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, Haridwar - Uttarakhand

Rank 2 - Divya Jain SMT RAMDEVI SOBHRAJ BAJAJ ARYA VIDYA MANDIR, Mumbai - Maharashtra

Rank 3 - Harsh Nikhil Mohe BALMOHAN VIDYAMANDIR (ENGLISH MEDIUM), Mumbai - Maharashtra

NFLAT JUNIOR

Rank 1 - Sampragya Paliwal DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, Haridwar - Uttarakhand

Rank 1 - Pritika Upadhye ARYA VIDYA MANDIR, Mumbai - Maharashtra

Rank 2 - Hitarth Mahajan SMT RAMDEVI SOBHRAJ BAJAJ ARYA VIDYA MANDIR, Mumbai - Maharashtra

> **Rank 3 - Adya Kushwaha** O. P. JINDAL SCHOOL, Raigarh - Chhattisgarh

Rank 3 - Shubhi Navya DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, Haridwar - Uttarakhand

Rank 3 - Shreya Roy DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, Pune - Maharashtra





As per the estimation of analysts, the total unclaimed money in India as bank accounts & deposits; insurance; shares & dividends; and provident funds amounts more than **Rs. 82,000 crores**. Banks, Insurers, AMC's (Asset Management Companies), AMFI (Association of Mutual Funds in India) are directed by the respective regulators to make the details of unclaimed money lying with them available on their respective websites. Department of posts also has published the details of such accounts on its website (<u>www.indiapost.gov.in</u>).

Now, let's understand this more in detail with the facts & figures presented/published in various authentic sources.

As per RBI, the total amount of unclaimed deposits of Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs) as on 31.12.2020 was **Rs. 24,356 crores**, an increase of **Rs. 5,977** crores as compared to 2019. (https://static.pib.gov.in/WriteReadData/specificdocs/documents/2021/jul/doc202172711.pdf: **Bank wise Details**).

If an account remains unclaimed for 10 years, the amount is transferred to the **Depositor Education and Awareness Fund (DEAF)**. According to RBI, the DEAF had about **Rs. 33,114 crores** in its coffers as on 31st March 2020. The nominee or legal heir of the account holder needs to approach the bank with the relevant documents for the verfication and claim settlement process.

As per the order No. Exem/32(18)/2016/Exemption dated 13-10-2017, various institutions defined in the rules were asked to transfer the unclaimed amount which remains inoperative for 7 years, to the **Senior Citizens' Welfare Fund (SCWF)**. Now, EPFO subscribers can claim money in dormant accounts through the online channel.

https://www.epfindia.gov.in/site_docs/PDFs/PQ_PDFs/PQ_BudgetSession2017_RS_English.pdf https://cpf1.mahadiscom.in/CpfWebProject/documents/Senior%20Citizen%20related.pdf

If the subscriber dies, his/her nominees will get the money in the percentage specified by him/her. A nominee or EPFO member can apply within 25 years of the amount going into the **SCWF**. After that, it will go to the government coffers.

IRDAI asked all insurers having unclaimed amounts of policyholders for a period of more than 10 years as on September 30, every year have to transfer the same to **SCWF** on or before **1**^{*} **March of the financial year**.

https://www.irdai.gov.in/ADMINCMS/cms/whatsNew_Layout.aspx?page=PageNo4288&flag=1

https://www.irdai.gov.in/ADMINCMS/cms/whatsNew_Layout.aspx?page=PageNo3198&flag=1

Beneficiaries will be able to claim the money under their policies up to 25 years from the date of transfer of the same to the **SCWF**. After 25 years, the funds will undergo 'escheatment', where funds can't be reclaimed by the account holder.

Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) holds unclaimed dividends and unpaid money from mutual funds and stocks that have remained unclaimed for 7 or more years. Investors / depositors whose shares, unpaid dividends, matured deposits or debentures, etc. have been transferred to IEPF can reclaim their refund by registering themselves on the IEPF website: www.iepf.gov.in.

The claimant needs to submit relevant documents and fill the application form for unclaimed dividend and redemption and send it to the AMC or R&T (Registrar & Transfer) for the verification and claim settlement process.

Conclusion: Every investor should ensure that his/her hard-earned money is put to the right use and goes into the right hands after him/her. He/she should always keep his/her family members informed about the investments and finances and keep the financial information updated whenever there is a change. He/she should ensure to provide the details of nominee for his/her investments and update as per the changes. This also avoids any future litigation.



Written By

Deshpande Abhishek Former Assistant Manager, NCFE

GET...SET...INVEST



Sometimes it does happen with us, that we feel short of achieving our goals due to lack of funds. In order to overcome this situation, Let's have a brief understanding about parking investible surplus in various instruments available in the market to achieve our Short as well as Long term goals.

Fixed Deposits (FDs): It is a safe bet to keep your funds in; however it gives less return resulting in erosion of capital due to inflation in long run. So FD is good option to invest in order to achieve your short term goals.

Debt Fund: It is similar to FD, however as per the past trend it may provides slightly better return over FDs, as the funds are managed by professionals & invested with due care.

Stock Market: It is the most lucrative form of Investment that everyone is eyeing for by just looking at the success stories available in the market but one fails to take into consideration the plunders & its ill effects that may arise due to wrong investment plan. Still a thorough understanding of Fundamentals, Technical, various business cycles, stocks, analysis of trend etc. Will definitely help in succeeding in a long run.

Sovereign Gold Bond (SGB): It is one of the instrument to buy 24 carat gold in digital mode. It also provides interest till its maturity. Gold is looked upon as a hedging instrument & SGB serves its purpose by giving gains as per market rate & eliminating maintenance cost related with Physical gold.

NPS: There is a notion that pension is only for Government employees. Everyone believes that our earning age is up to 60 & we all will retire after that. But we have to take into consideration the very fact that our day to day expenses will keep on accruing which needs to be addressed. It becomes difficult to manage funds post retirement as incomes will be limited. Thus it will be a good long term practice to invest in NPS for a better tomorrow.

Term Insurance: It is always better to cover yourself for future uncertainty. A term plan will assure your family to keep up with the fixed expenditure up to certain period of time.

Health Insurance: Current pandemic has awakened us to take care of our & our dear ones health more seriously. We need to take a comprehensive family Health Insurance as per our needs.

Conclusion: We need to keep reviewing our investment portfolio on regular interval basis. We can update the portfolio as per our age profile, risk appetite & trends in the market.



Written By

Viraj Hare Assistant Manager, NCFE

Disclaimer: The views and opinions expressed in this article are those of the authors and does not reflect the opinion of NCFE in anyway.

ACTIVITIES IN FINANCIAL SECTOR

PM launches two innovative customer centric initiatives of RBI

Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi launched two innovative customer centric initiatives of RBI viz. Retail Direct Scheme and

the Reserve Bank - Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, On November 12, 2021 via video conference.



These schemes will expand the scope of investment in the country and make access to capital markets easier, more secure for investors. Retail direct scheme will provide small investors in the country a simple and safe medium of investment in government securities. Similarly, One Nation, One Ombudsman System has taken shape in the banking sector with the Integrated Ombudsman Scheme. These two schemes will further strengthen the goal of financial inclusion.



RBI Retail Direct Scheme

- New avenue for retail investment in government securities
- Retail investors can easily open and maintain their government securities account online with the RBI, free of cost
- Buying and selling of government securities by retail investors on the digital platform



Reserve Bank - Integrated Ombudsman Scheme

- 'One Nation-One Ombudsman' with one portal, one email and one address
- Single reference point for customers to file complaints, submit documents, track status and provide feedback
- Integrated scheme for customer complaints against RBI regulated entities
- Toll-free number for assistance in filing complaints and obtaining information on grievance redress, with multi-lingual support

• 152 SAKSHAM Centres (Centre for Financial Literacy & Service Delivery) launched in a week as part of Amrit Mahotsav

As part of Azadi ka Amrit Mahotsav, a total of 152 Centre for Financial Literacy & Service Delivery (SAKSHAM Centres) across 77 districts of 13 states launched under Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana - National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM) of the Ministry of Rural Development during 4-8th October, 2021.

Centre for Financial Literacy & Service Delivery (CFL&SD) would act as one stop solution/single window system for basic financial needs of Self-Help Group (SHG) households in rural areas. The main objective of the centre is to provide financial literacy & facilitate delivery of financial services (savings, credit, insurance, pensions etc.) to SHG members and rural poor. These Centres will be managed by SHG network, largely at the level of the Cluster Level Federations (CLFs), with the help of trained Community Resource Persons (CRPs).

(Source : PIB dtd 22nd October, 2021)

• PFRDA Observed NPS Diwas on 1stOctober, 2021

PFRDA, along with all its registered intermediaries across the country, observed National Pension System Diwas (NPS Diwas) on 01st October, 2021. This campaign was dedicated towards 'Azadi Ka Amrit Mahotsav' clelebrations and to encourage citizens to join NPS for achieving financial freedom upon retirement through pension as a regular income.

The Pension Regulator carried out a host of activities during the day-long event at its headquarters and was supported by the Point of Presence (distribution channels-Banks, NBFC, Fintech) by orgainising NPS awareness events at their offices and branches.

• Facility of Online APY Subscription through Aadhaar e KYC

In order to further increase the outreach and simplify the process of subscription, PFRDA has allowed CRA (Central Recordkeeping agency) for providing digital onboarding based through Aadhaar eKYC as an additional option. Earlier enrolment of Subscribers for APY happens through physical, net banking or other digital modes provided by the respective APY-SPs (APY Service Providers).

(Source: Circular no. PFRDA/2021/44/SUP-CRA/17 dtd 27th October, 2021)

PFRDA allows online paperless exit process through NPS

PFRDA announced that it would enable online and paperless process of exit to the Subscribers of Government Sector as an option in addition to the existing physical mode of exit. The facility would also be available to the employees of Autonomous Bodies of Central/State Government who are covered in NPS. The online exit would be integrated with Instant Bank Account Verification as per the existing guidelines as part of enhanced due diligence in the interest of Subscribers.

(Source : PFRDA/2021/42/SUP-ASP/08 dtd 4th October, 2021)

SEBI amends investor grievance redressal system, arbitration mechanism

SEBI amended the framework for investor grievance redressal system and arbitration mechanism at stock exchanges. As per circular <u>https://www.sebi.gov.in/legal/circulars/oct-2021/amendment-to-sebi-circulars-pertaining-to-investor-grievance-redressal-system-and-arbitration-mechanism 53450.html issued on October 22nd, 2021, the new framework will come into effect from January 1, 2022.</u>

WORLD INVESTOR WEEK - 2021 (Nov 22 - 28, 2021)

World Investor Week (WIW) is a week-long, global campaign promoted by International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO). Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) is the national coordinator for celebrating WIW-2021 in India. The main objective of WIW is to raise awareness about the importance of investor education and protection and highlight the various initiatives of securities regulators in these two critical areas. Many investor awareness activities like Quiz contest, Essay Competition, Investor Awareness Programs, etc. were conducted.

(Source: https://www.sebi.gov.in/wiw/wiw-2021.html)

• SEBI releases investor charter, lays down do's and don'ts of investing in Indian securities market

The investor charter that was proposed in the Union Budget 2021-2022 with the aim of protecting investors from misselling of financial products, was released by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) on November 17, 2021.

This charter (for investors in the Indian securities market) includes the rights and responsibilities of investors, and dos and don'ts of investing in the securities market.

(Source: https://www.sebi.gov.in/media/public-notices/nov-2021/investor-charter-for-investors-in-securities-market_53993.html)

IRDAI issues revised guidelines for Trade Credit Insurance

The aim is to promote the sustainable and healthy development of the trade credit insurance business and improve economic stability by labelling trade losses because of credit risks. Considering the evolving insurance risk needs of various sectors and response to changing market conditions and to promote the sustainable and healthy development of the trade credit insurance business, IRDAI has revised Trade Credit Insurance) Guidelines. The guidelines shall come into force with effect from 1st November, 2021.

(Source:IRDAI/NL/GDL/MISC/244/09/2021)

Cyber Security Awareness Campaign by IRDAI

Considering the increase in Information and communication technology penetration as well as digital activity especially during the COVID Pandemic, IRDAI created awareness about the Cyber security for policyholders and the general public to prevent cyber frauds and crimes. More details can be accessed at -

https://www.irdai.gov.in/admincms/cms/whatsNew_Layout.aspx?page=PageNo4578&flag=1

Happy New Year ! Best Wishes from NCFE

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Important Days

Republic Day	10 July	Bakri Eid
Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Jayanti	09 August	Moharam
Mahashivratri	15 August	Independence Day
Holi/Dhulivandan	16 August	Parsi New Year
Gudhi Padwa	31 August	Ganesh Chaturthi
Ram Navami	02 October	Mahatma Gandhi Jayanti
Dr Babasaheb Ambedkar Jayanti	05 October	Dussehra
Mahavir Jayanti	09 October	Eid-e-Milad
Good Friday	24 October	Diwali (Laxmi-pujan)
Maharashtra Din	26 October	Diwali (Bali-Pratipada)
Ramzan Eid	08 November	Guru Nanak Jayanti
Budhha Pournima	25 December	Christmas



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For further information visit: www.investor.sebi.gov.in | www.nism.ac.in



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